

# Deschutes Watershed Acronyms and Terms

## **NGOs**

CFD – Coalition for the Deschutes  
HDFFA – High Desert Food and Farm Alliance  
HDEATs – High Desert Educational Agriculture Tours  
DRC – Deschutes River Conservancy  
UDWC – Upper Deschutes Watershed Council  
TU – Trout Unlimited  
FCA – Farmers’ Conservation Alliance

## **Irrigation Districts**

DBBC – Deschutes Basin Board of Control<sup>1</sup>  
COID – Central Oregon Irrigation District  
NUID – North Unit Irrigation District  
TSID – Three Sisters Irrigation District  
TID – Tumalo Irrigation District

## **Agencies**

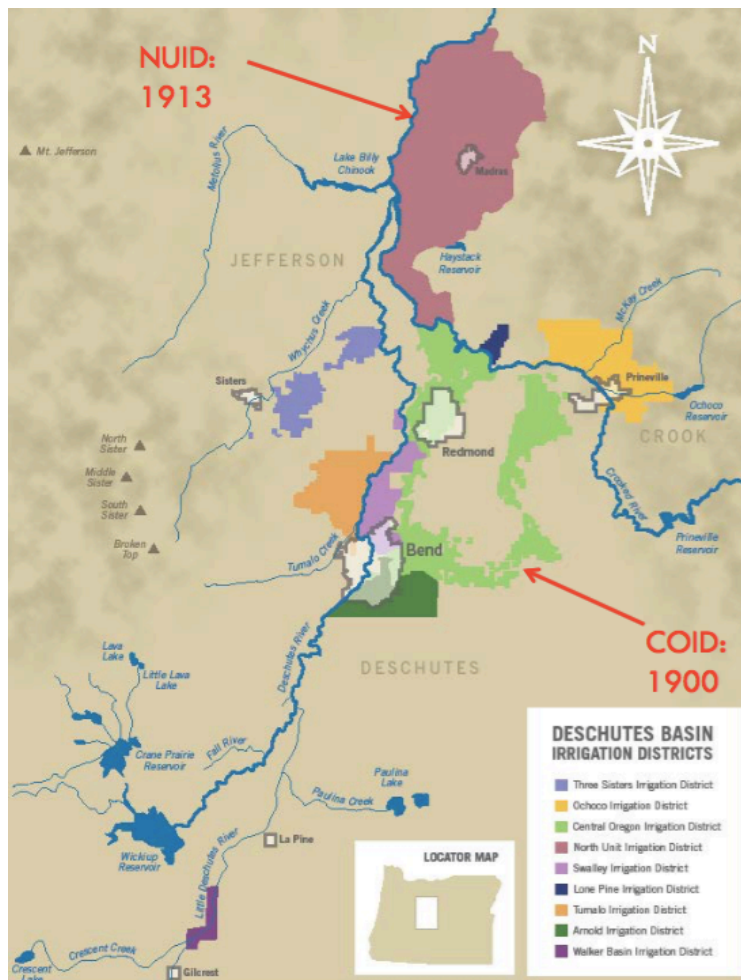
BOR – Bureau of Reclamation  
USFS – US Forest Service  
USGS – US Geological Society  
USFWS – US Fish and Wildlife Service  
OWRD – Oregon Water Resources Department  
ODFW – Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife

## **Other Acronyms and Terms**

HCP – Habitat Conservation Plan  
NEPA – National Environmental Policy Act  
ESA – Endangered Species Act  
SIP – Systems Improvement Plan  
IMP – Irrigation Modernization Program  
CFS – cubic feet per second  
Instream – water that is in the river channel  
Out-of-stream – other uses such as irrigation, hydro, municipal, industrial  
Canal  
Lateral  
Ditch  
On-farm efficiency  
Seepage loss  
In-conduit hydro  
BSGW (pronounced bizwig) – Basin Study Work Group<sup>2</sup>

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<sup>1</sup> The Deschutes Basin Board of Control (DBBC) is comprised of eight Irrigation Districts including Arnold, Central Oregon, Lone Pine, North Unit, Ochoco, Swalley, Three sister and Tumalo Irrigation Districts. Through the DBBC, formed in 2002, the Districts coordinate and share their respective resources and management assets to conserve water, improve their services for farm and ranch families, and enhance river conditions for wildlife species and recreational opportunities.  
Source: <http://dbbcirrigation.com/about/>



2 The Upper Deschutes River Basin in central Oregon includes the Deschutes River, Crooked River, and Whychus Creek systems. Surface water in the Upper Deschutes River basin has been almost fully allocated since the early 1900s, primarily for agricultural uses. Prior studies assessed projected water supplies and demands through 2050 and indicated an overall 230,000 acre-foot unmet annual average demand, including agricultural, instream flow, and groundwater (municipal) needs. Building off of these efforts, Reclamation and the Deschutes Basin Study Work Group (BSWG), through an agreement between Reclamation and the Deschutes Basin Board of Control (DBBC), will complete the Upper Deschutes River Basin Study (Basin Study). Reclamation and DBBC are each responsible for 50 percent of the study costs; a grant from the Oregon Water Resources Department (OWRD) is funding the non-Federal share. The objectives of the Basin Study are to:

- Develop a comprehensive analysis of water supply and demand, integrating and updating the analyses to account for climate change
- Analyze how existing operations and infrastructure will perform under the projected future water supply conditions and demands
- Develop and evaluate options for addressing identified water imbalances
- Complete analysis to compare relative cost, environmental impact, risk, stakeholder response, and other common attributes of identified options

While the study will not propose any specific project, program, or plan, it will provide a current and broadly-shared basis for future water management in the basin. A communication and outreach plan will be developed and implemented to engage and inform the public and others.

Source: <http://www.usbr.gov/pn/studies/deschutes/index.html>